Name: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$ Block: $\qquad$
US/VA Government Constitution Scavenger Hunt

Directions: Read through the Constitution and complete the following questions.

## STRUCTURE OF THE CONSTITUION

1. Briefly summarize the general purpose or subject of each article in one sentence in chart below.

| Article I |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Article II |  |
| Article III |  |
| Article IV |  |
| Article V |  |
| Article VI |  |
| Article VII |  |

2. The word "privacy" and its protections can be found under which article/section? $\qquad$
3. What are the eligibility requirements for a member of the House?
4. What are the eligibility requirements for a member of the Senate?
5. What are the eligibility requirements for the President?
6. What are the eligibility requirements for a Supreme Court justice?
7. The powers of Constitution are specifically granted to the branches of the government or to the office holders are called EXPRESSED powers.
a. Identify TWO expressed powers of the president
b. What are the expressed powers of the vice president?
c. Identify THREE expressed powers of Congress.
$\qquad$
d. What are the expressed powers of the Supreme Court?
8. According to the principle of checks and balances, each branch of the government must have control over other branches. Look at the first three articles of the Constitution and identify one of each type of checks and balances. Indicate where each power is listed in the Constitution.
a. A power that the executive branch has over the legislative branch: $\qquad$
This can be found in which article/section of the Constitution: $\qquad$
b. A power that the executive branch has over the judicial branch: $\qquad$
This can be found in which article/section of the Constitution: $\qquad$
c. A power that the legislative branch holds over the judicial branch.

This can be found in which article/section of the Constitution: $\qquad$
d. A power that the legislative branch holds over the executive branch. $\qquad$
This can be found in which article/section of the Constitution: $\qquad$
e. A power that the judicial branch holds over the legislative branch.

This can be found in which article/section of the Constitution: $\qquad$
f. A power that the judicial branch holds over the executive branch. $\qquad$ This can be found in which article/section of the Constitution: $\qquad$
9. According to Article I, who has the power to declare war? $\qquad$
10. In which Article/section is "separation of church and state" defined? $\qquad$
11. Under which article/section is the Air Force established? $\qquad$
12. What power does the Constitution give the President in the area of war? $\qquad$
13. Where are executive orders found in the constitution? $\qquad$
14. Under which article/section does it say "jury of peers?"

## MAJORITY AND SUPERMAJORITY

The Constitution requires a simple majority for some actions and a supermajority for others. A simple majority means more than half, while supermajority requirements can involve a $2 / 3$ majority or a $3 / 4$ majority.
15. What bodies have the power to override presidential veto? $\qquad$
How many votes are required to override the presidential veto? $\qquad$
16. What body has the power to ratify treaties? $\qquad$
How many votes are required to ratify treaties?
17. To impeach means to "bring charges against" or "to indict".
a. Which body has the power to impeach the president? $\qquad$
b. Which body has the power to convict the president of charges brought against him in the impeachment process? $\qquad$
c. How many votes are required to convict and remove a president? $\qquad$
18. The Constitution specifies a $3 / 4$ majority for just one process. What is it?

